Oldham's Economy – from industrial powerhouse to present day

07 October 2021

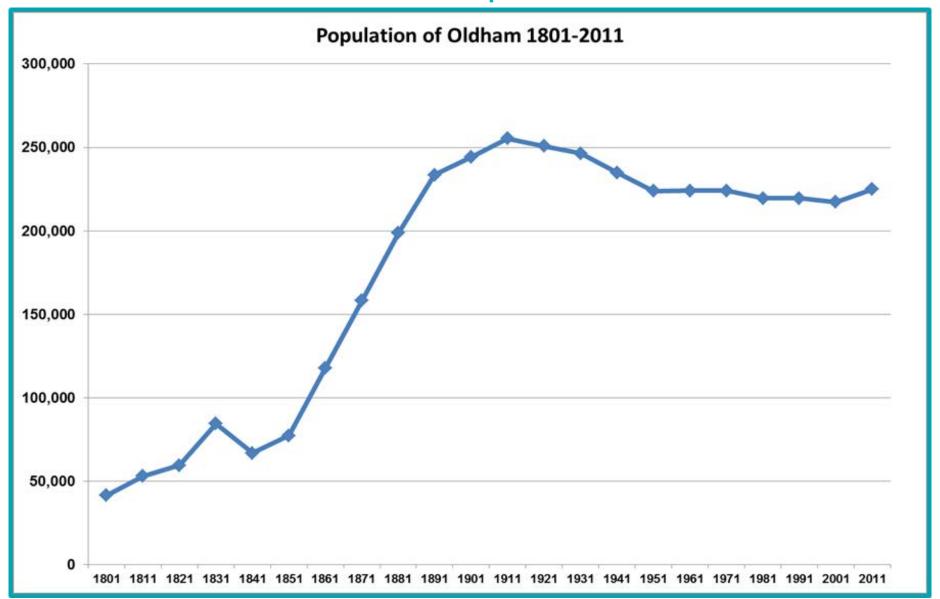
Jonathan Downs, Corporate Policy Lead, Oldham Council



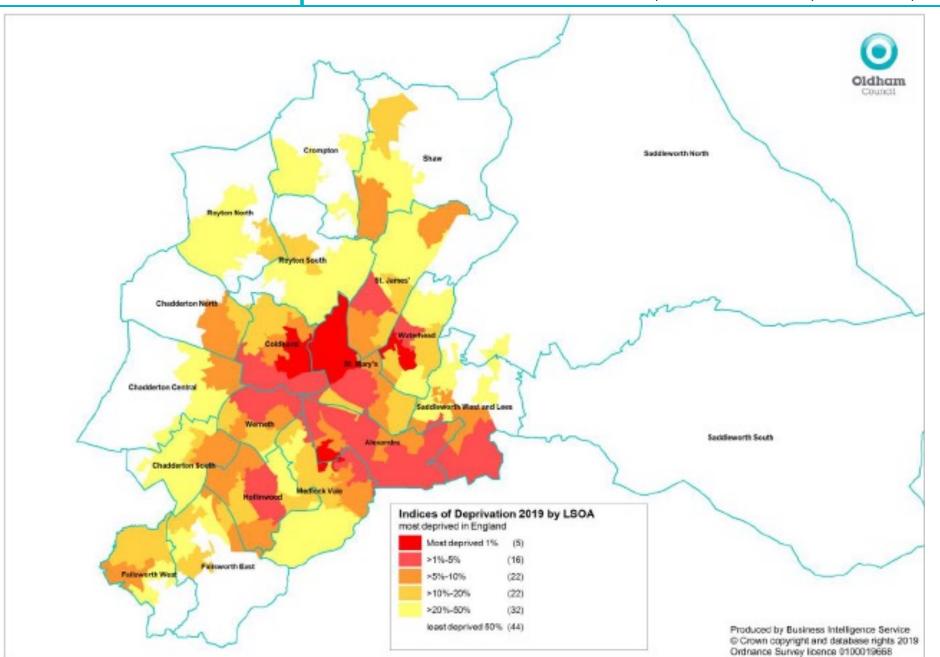
Oldham in Profile - Oldham's Population (Source: ONS MYE 2020)

- As of mid-2020, Oldham's population is 237,628, making it the sixth largest borough in Greater Manchester.
- Oldham has a higher proportion (22%) of non-white Black and Minority Ethnic (BME) residents than in Greater Manchester (16.3%) and the North West (9.8%). This proportion has increased from 13.5% in 2001.
- Oldham has a high proportion (22.4%) of residents aged under 16 and proportionally fewer (16.2%) aged 65 and over.
- Oldham's population remained static between 2001 and 2003 but since then has increased year on year. According to the ONS, Oldham's population is projected to reach 261,018 by 2041 – a 10.0% increase from the 2020 population.

Oldham in Profile - Oldham's Population Boom (Source: ONS Census 2011)



Oldham in Profile - Deprivation in Oldham (Source: Indices of Deprivation 2019)



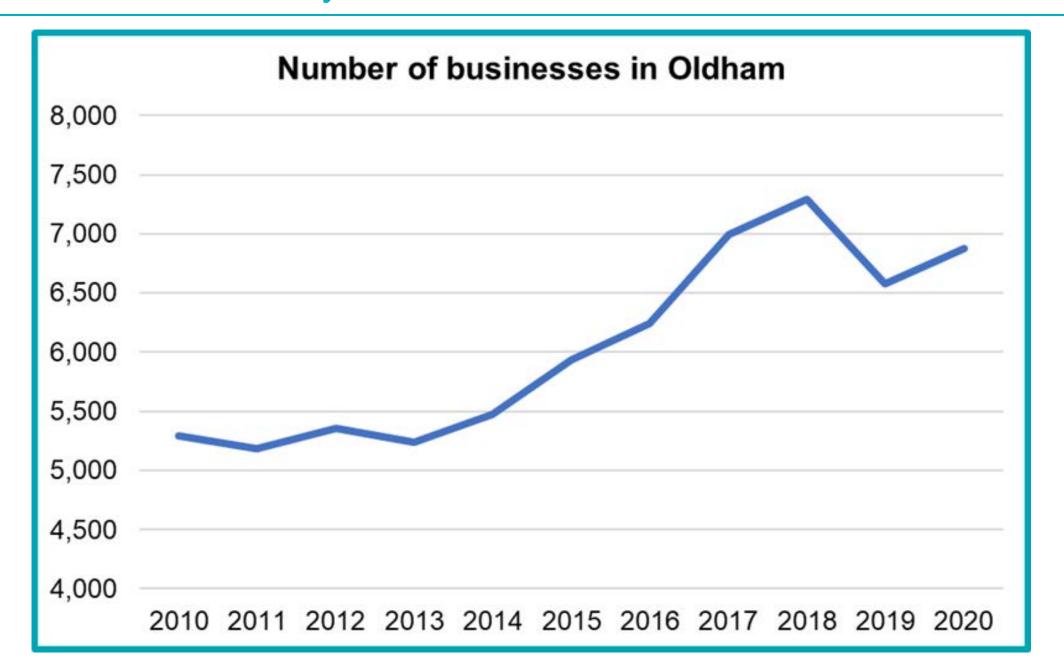
Oldham's Economic History

1764 First water- powered cotton mill in the world at Thorp Mill, Royton	1800s Oldham at the centre of a fast growing cotton industry. Most work is related to the cotton industry.			1913 The peak year for the cotton industry. Oldham boasted more spindles than any town in the world.				1980s End of large scale textile industry, recession begins with large scale job losses	1998 The last cotton mill in Oldham , Elk Mill, closed			
		1840s A few thousan d people arrive from Ireland, providin g cheap labour	1861 'Orange and Green riots', Catholic churches attacked		Late 1940s Over 2000 former refugees (Poland, Ukraine and elsewhere) settled in Oldham and worked in the mills	1950s First migrants from Mirpur in Pakistan, young men to fill demand for cheap labour in the cotton mills	1960s Migrants continue to come from Pakistan and Sylhet in Bangladesh. Women also migrate to join the men			2001 Riots in Oldham. Unemployment rates are high amongst minority ethnic groups.	2011 High birth rates and continuing immigration take ethnic minorities to 22.5% of Oldham's population	

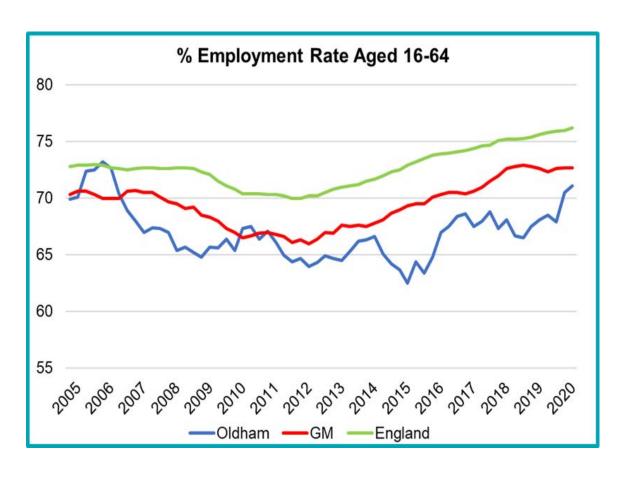
Oldham's Economy (Source: ONS – Inter Departmental Business Register 2020)

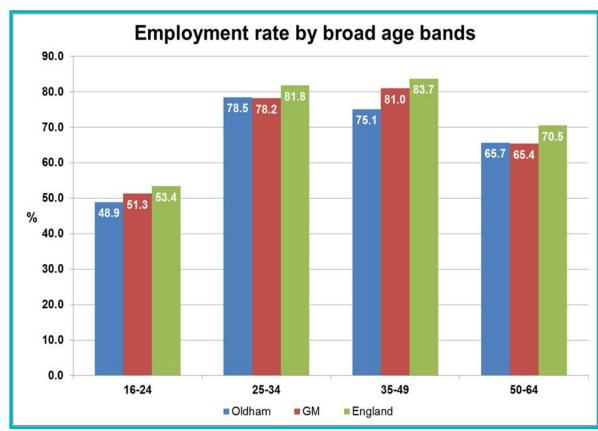
- Oldham's economy was historically built upon manufacturing, chiefly within textiles and mechanical engineering.
- Oldham is currently home to around 6,880 businesses (2020), employing roughly 81,000 people.
- Oldham's business base is primarily made up of small- or medium-size enterprises (fewer than 50 and 250 employees respectively).
- Over time Oldham has become more reliant on public sector employment, particularly within the Local Authority and NHS which together provide more than 20% of jobs across the borough.
- Oldham's economy still remains over-dependent upon relatively low-skilled and low-wage enterprise.

Oldham's Economy Continued (Source: ONS – Inter Departmental Business Register 2020)



Employment in Oldham



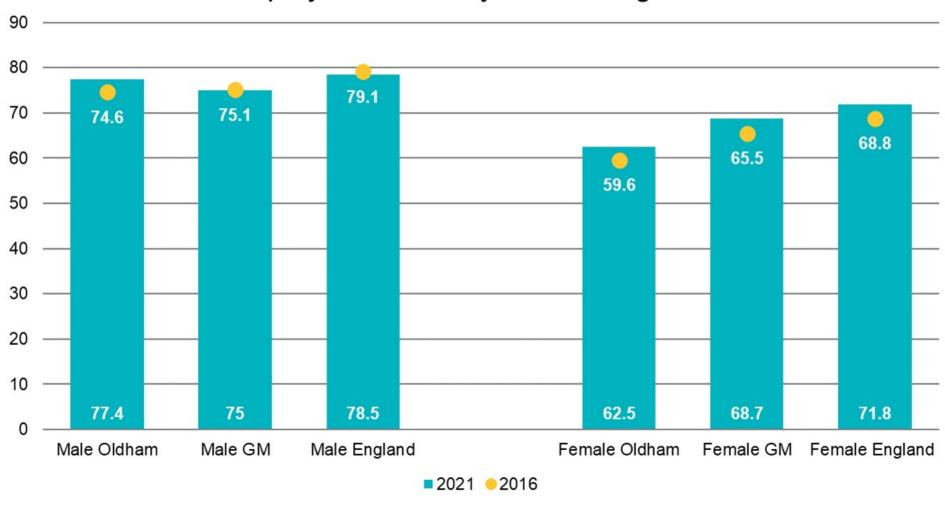


Source: ONS – Annual Population Survey 2020

Source: ONS 2011 Census

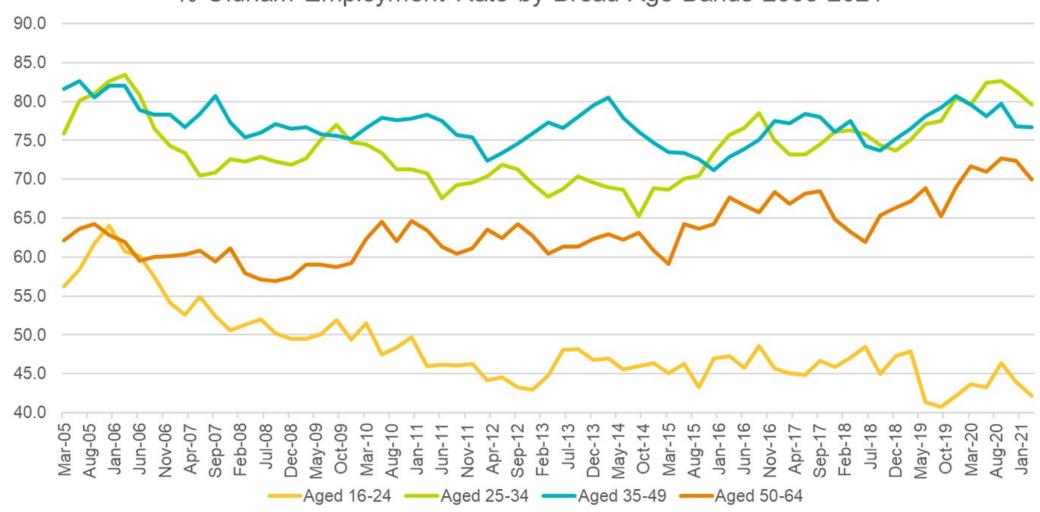
Employment in Oldham by Gender

% Employment Rate by Gender: Aged 16-64

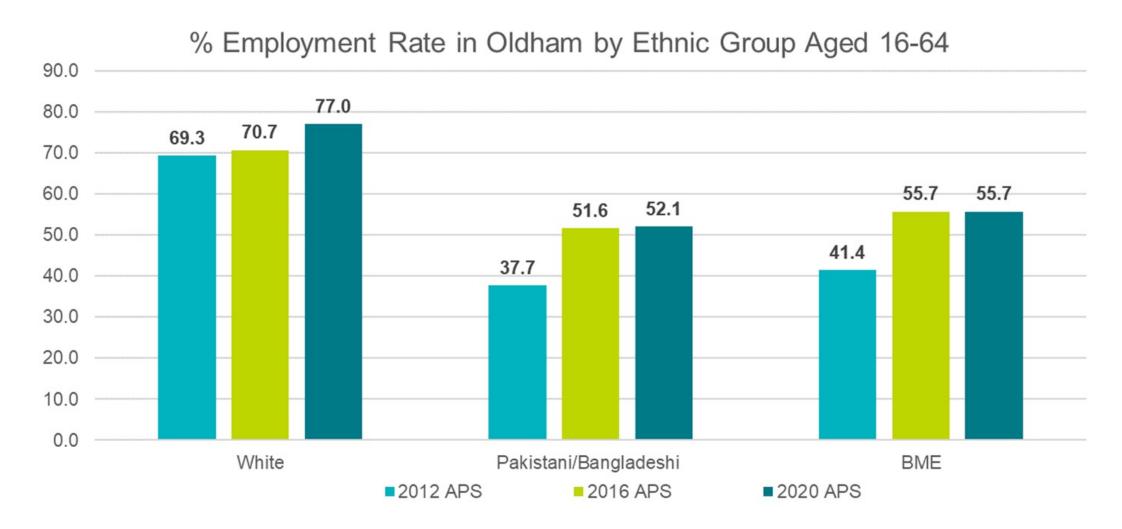


Employment in Oldham by Age since 2005

% Oldham Employment Rate by Broad Age Bands 2005-2021

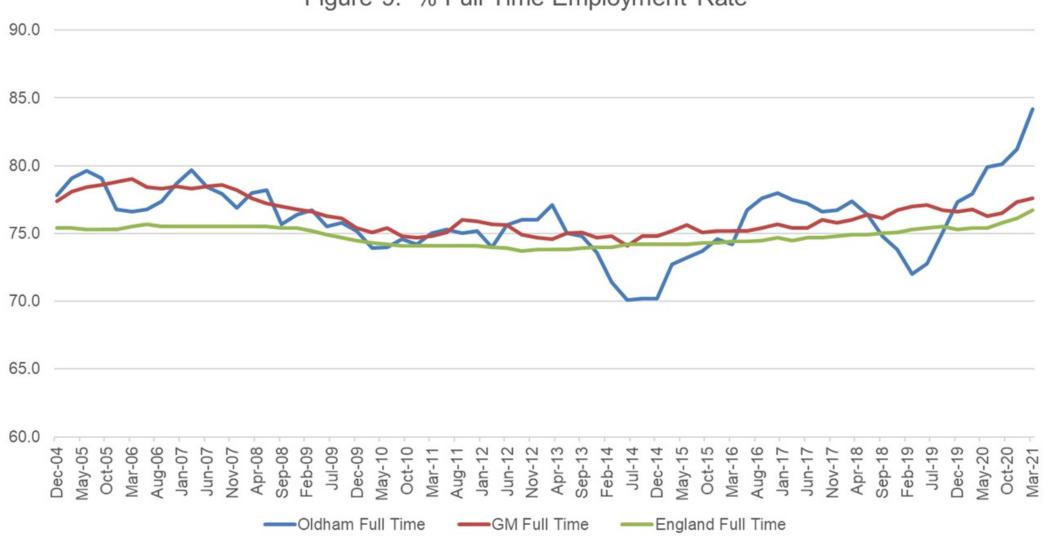


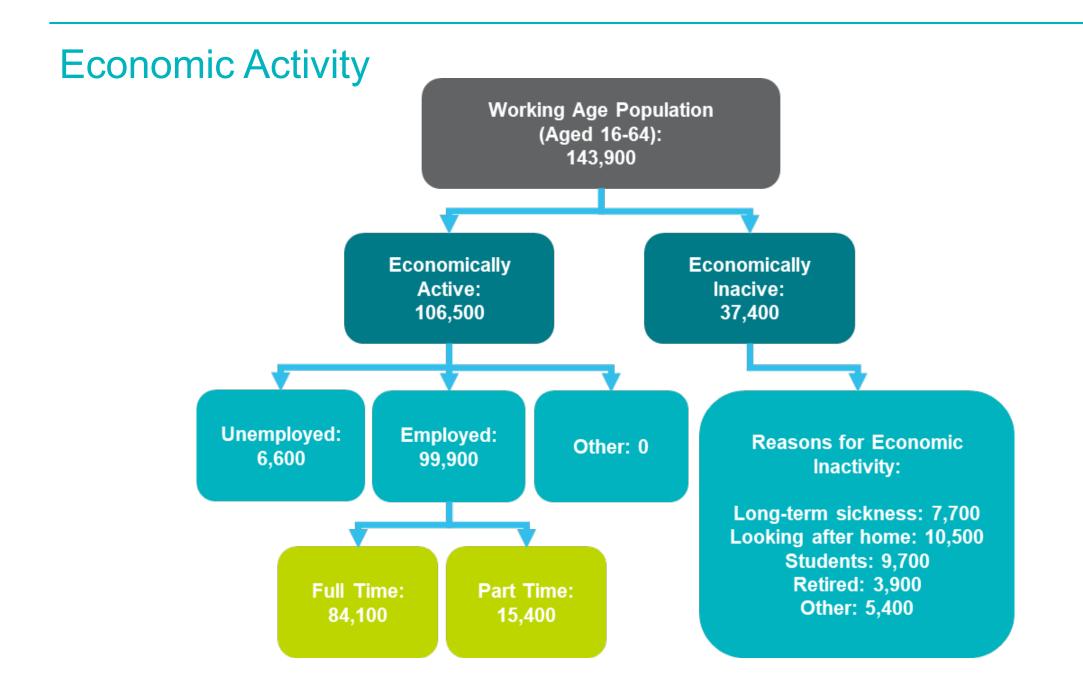
Employment in Oldham by Ethnicity



Full Time Employment Rates since 2005

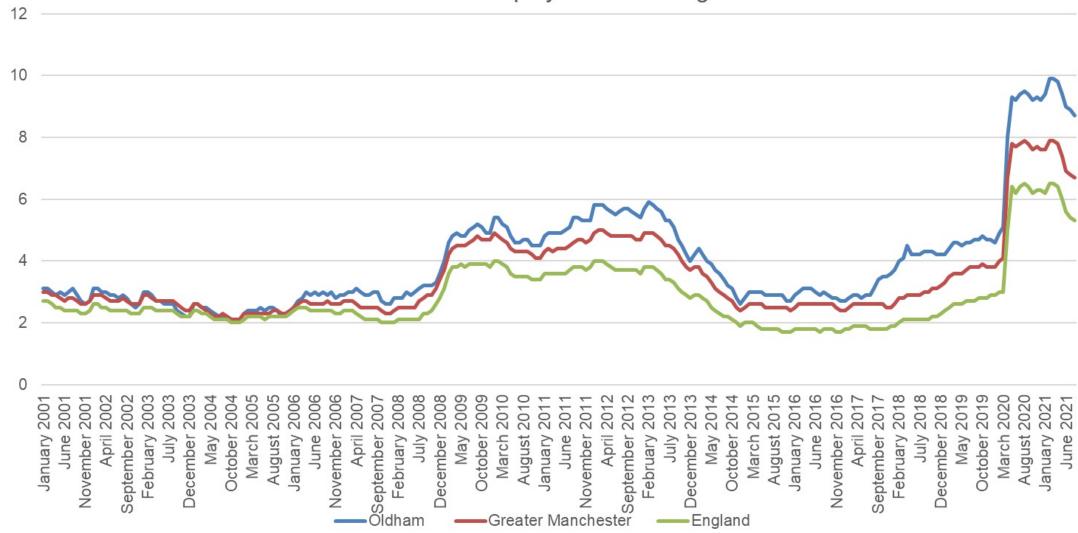
Figure 9: % Full Time Employment Rate



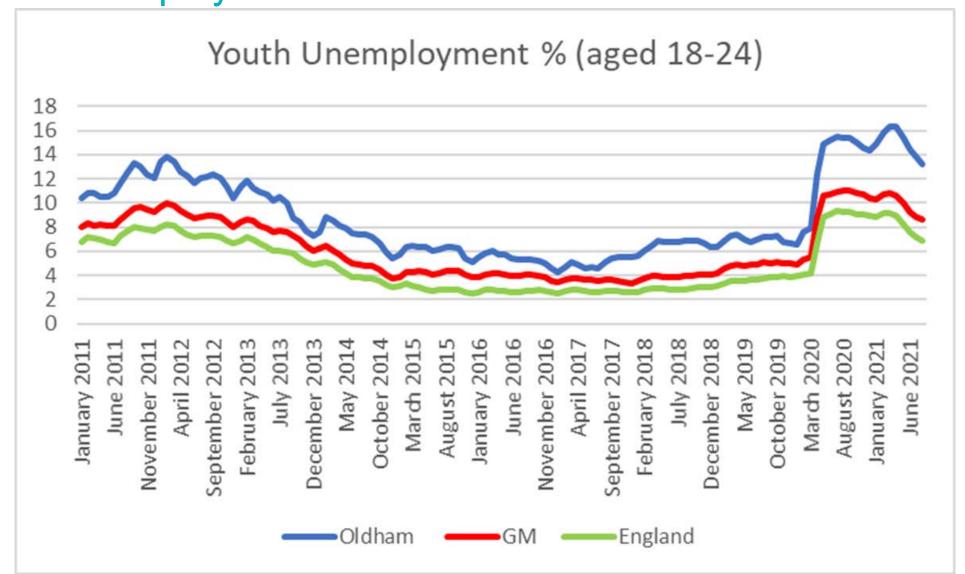


Historical Unemployment Rates

Claimant Count Unemployment Rate Aged 16-64



Youth Unemployment Rates

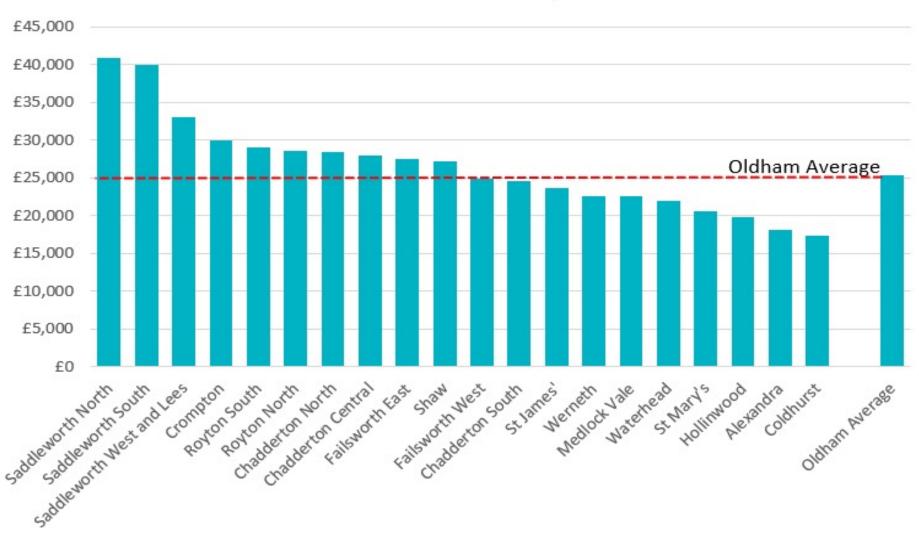


Household Income (Source: CACI Paycheck 2021)

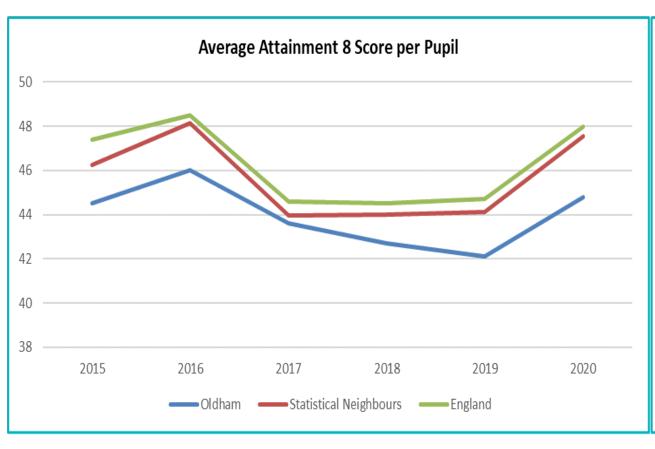
- The median household income for Oldham in 2021 was £25,357, which is lower than the Greater Manchester (£28,078) and Great Britain (£32,736) averages.
- When compared to Great Britain, Oldham has a greater proportion of households falling into the two lowest income bands, particularly the second lowest band where 27.3% of all Oldham households have a median income less than £15,000, compared to 18.5% nationally.
- At ward level, there is an income gap of around £24,000 between Saddleworth North
 — the most affluent Ward, where median annual incomes are around £40,840
 — and Coldhurst
 — the least affluent with an income of only £17,341 per annum.
- The income disparity and inequality is increasing wider year upon year.

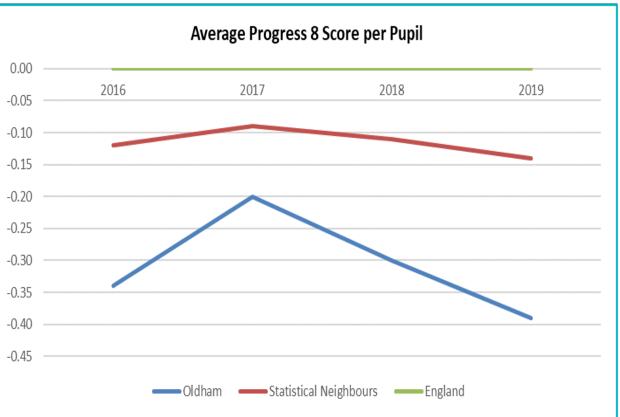
Household Income by Ward

Median Household Income by ward - 2021



Key 4 Stage Attainment





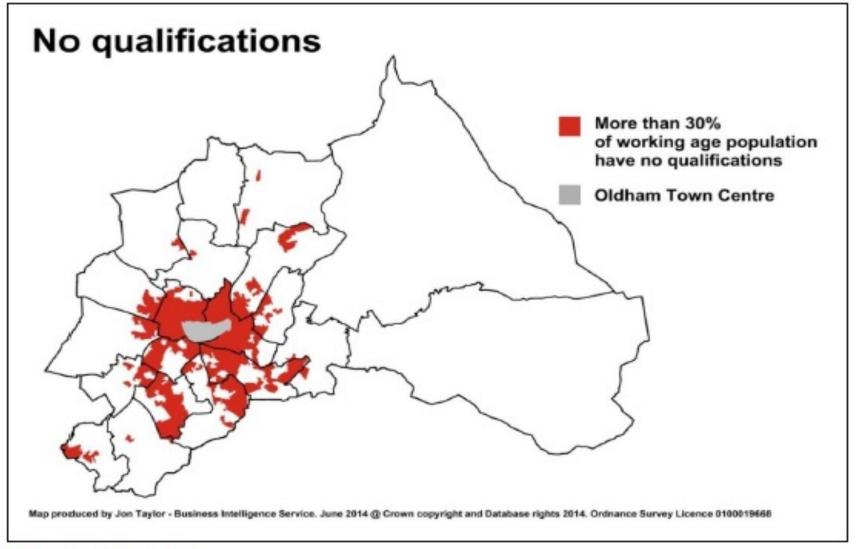
Source: DfE LAIT, August 2021

Adult Skills in Oldham

Qualifications of the working age population (16-64) - 2020

Local Authority	NVQ 4+ (%)	NVQ 3+ (%)	NVQ 2+ (%)	NVQ 1+ (%)	Other Qualifications (%)	No Qualifications (%)
Bolton	33.1	52.7	71.9	83.7	6.2	10.1
Bury	41.3	61.6	81.5	91.4	4.1	4.5
Manchester	48.4	64.4	75.3	84.9	7.7	7.4
Oldham	28.3	51.0	71.8	83.5	7.0	9.5
Rochdale	30.3	50.8	69.7	83.4	6.7	9.8
Salford	42.3	60.1	75.3	86.2	6.5	7.2
Stockport	45.6	60.8	77.8	90.1	3.1	6.7
Tameside	27.0	49.0	72.2	86.3	6.0	7.7
Trafford	51.3	66.5	82.6	91.6	4.1	4.3
Wigan	30.7	50.9	74.6	85.4	5.2	9.3
GM	39.2	57.6	75.2	86.3	5.9	7.7
Great Britan	42.8	61.2	78.0	87.9	5.9	6.2

Inequalities in Skills



Source: ONS 2011 Census



Regional labour market resilience and recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic: Oldham in focus

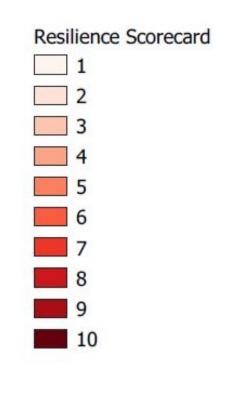
Dr Marianne Sensier (<u>Marianne.Sensier@manchester.ac.uk</u>)
Alliance Manchester Business School

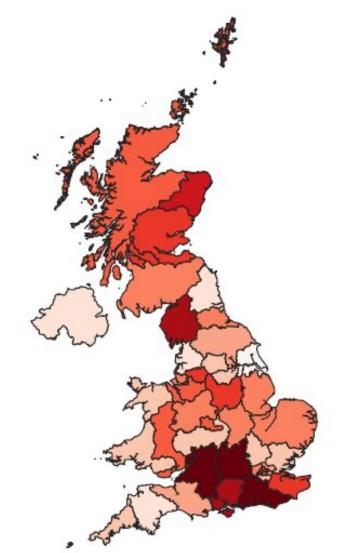


Resilience Scorecard: ITL 2 regions

From Bennett Institute policy report,
Sensier, M. and Devine, F.
(2020). "Levelling up regional resilience: policy responses to the COVID-19 crisis".

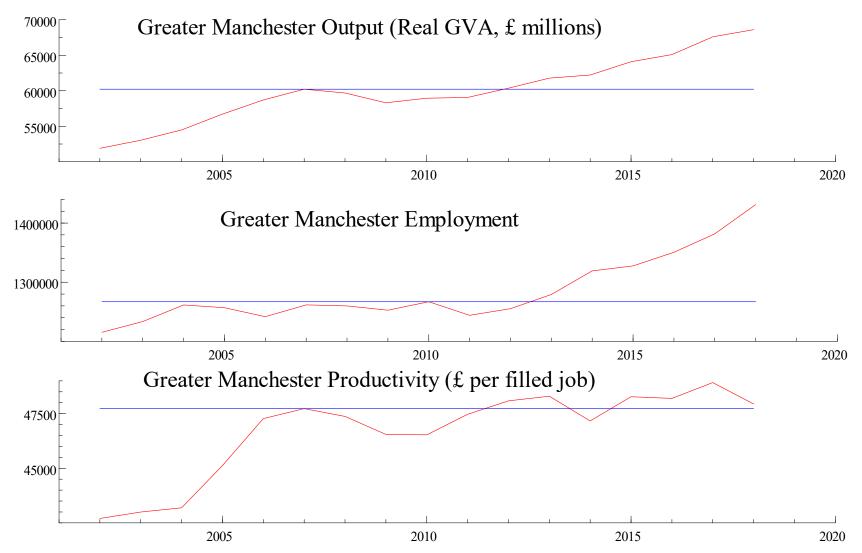
Also in CBI report, "Reviving Regions", November 2020 (page 8).







Greater Manchester: medium resilience





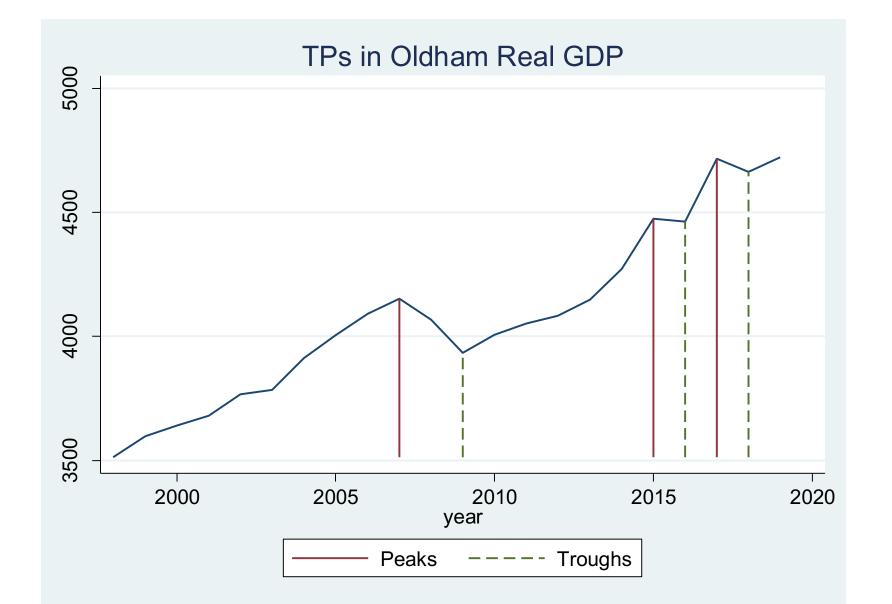


Oldham output peaked in 2007 with trough reached in 2009. 2 years in recession then took 7 years to recover prerecession peak level in 2014. Loss of output 5.3%, peak to trough.

Source: ONS, GDP chained volume measure in 2018 money value.

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Oldham Output Business Cycle



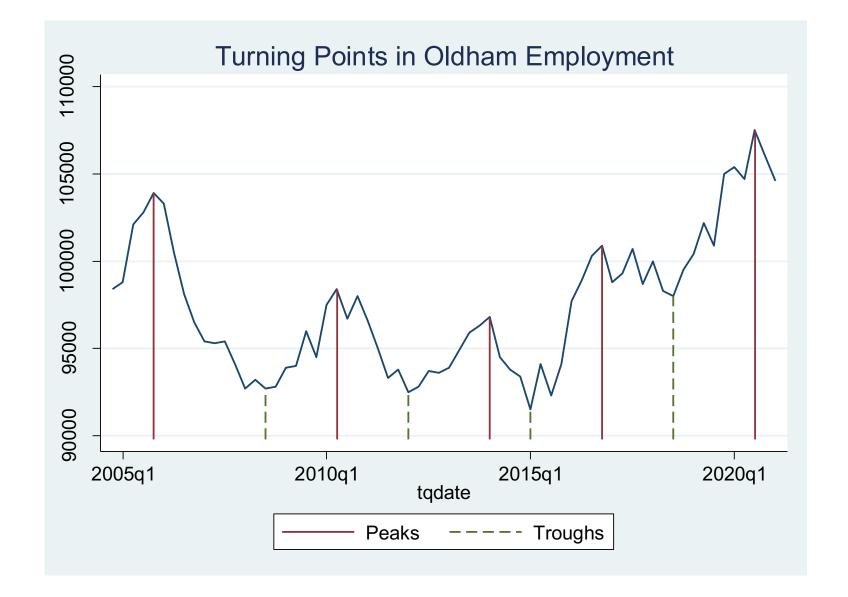


Oldham employment peaked in 2005q4 with trough reached in 2008q3. 2 ½ years in recession then took 14 years to recover prerecession peak level in 2019q4. Loss of employment was 10.8%, peak to trough.

Source: Nomis, APS employment of people aged 16 and over.

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Oldham Employment Cycle



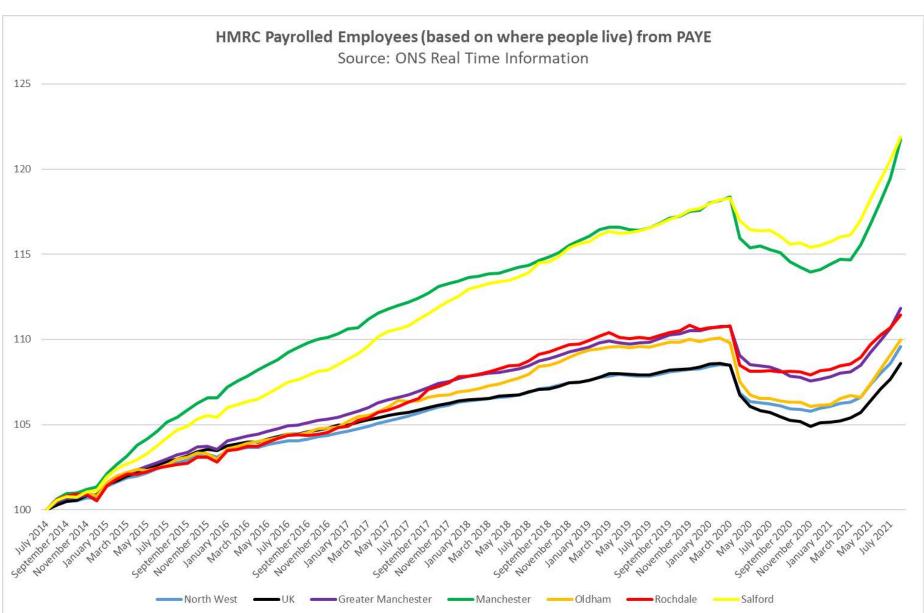
MANCHESTER 1824

GM Employment recovery since COVID-19 crisis

The University of Manchester Alliance Manchester Business School

Base 100= July 2014

Oldham reached peak employment in February 2020, then the trough turning point in November 2020, losing 3,474 employees from the payroll. As of August 2021 it had not recovered its prerecession level.



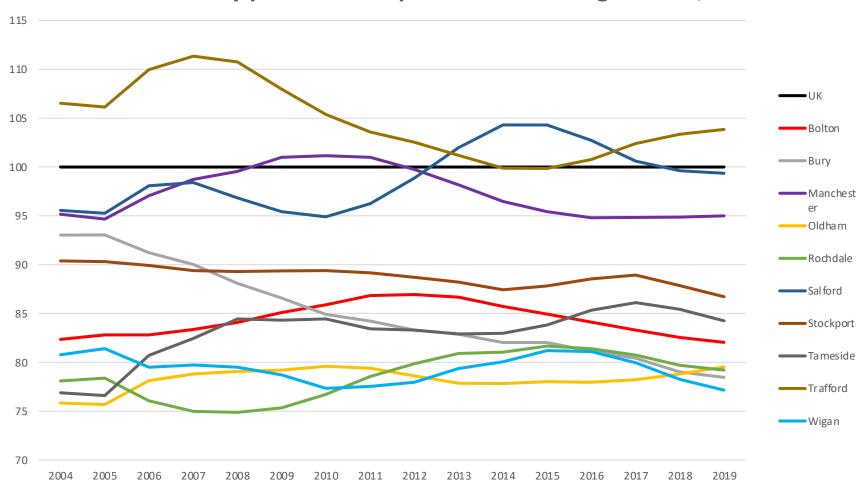


GM Productivity per hour to UK average

Productivity per hour compared to UK average of 100, ONS

Comparing productivity to UK average =100.

Source: ONS. Nominal (smoothed) GVA (B) per hour worked indices.





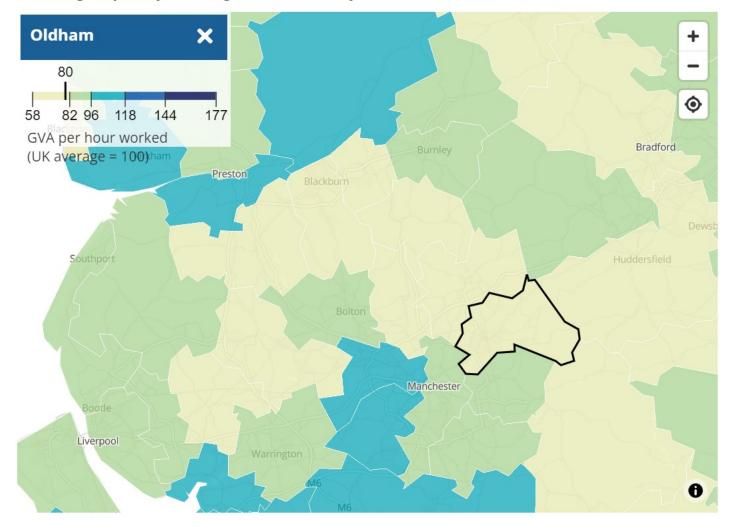


Comparing productivity to UK average =100.

Source: ONS. Nominal (smoothed) GVA (B) per hour worked indices.

GM Productivity per hour to UK average

Nominal GVA per hour worked for all local authority districts in Great Britain grouped by ITL1 region and country, smoothed, 2019, UK=100





GM Productivity per job filled (£)

GM Productivity per filled job in 2019

Comparing productivity in GM with England.

Oldham productivity in 2019 was £44,419 per filled job.

Source: ONS. Nominal (smoothed) GVA (B) per filled job (£).



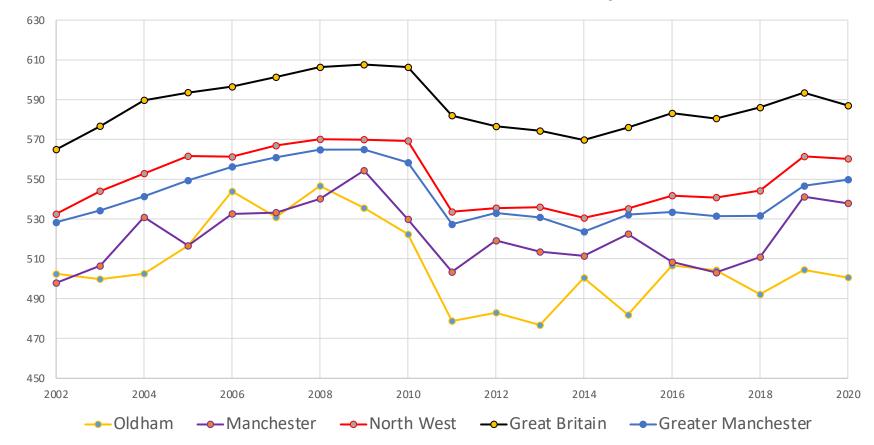


GM Real Wages, 2002-2020

Real Gross Weekly Wage (all full-time workers), 2020 prices Source: ONS, ASHE resident analysis

Oldham real wages peaked in 2008 at £547 (in 2020 prices). Not yet recovered the prerecession peak level. In 2020 weekly wage (FTE) was £501 compared to GB level of £587.

Based on where people reside. ASHE is Annual Survey of Hours and Earnings.



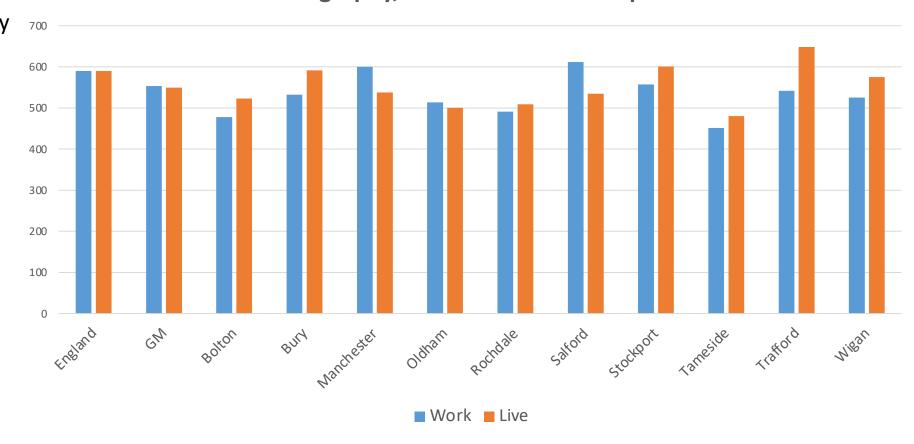


GM Wages comparing work and residence

Gross Weekly Full-time Earnings comparing Work & Residence Geography, Source: ONS ASHE April 2020

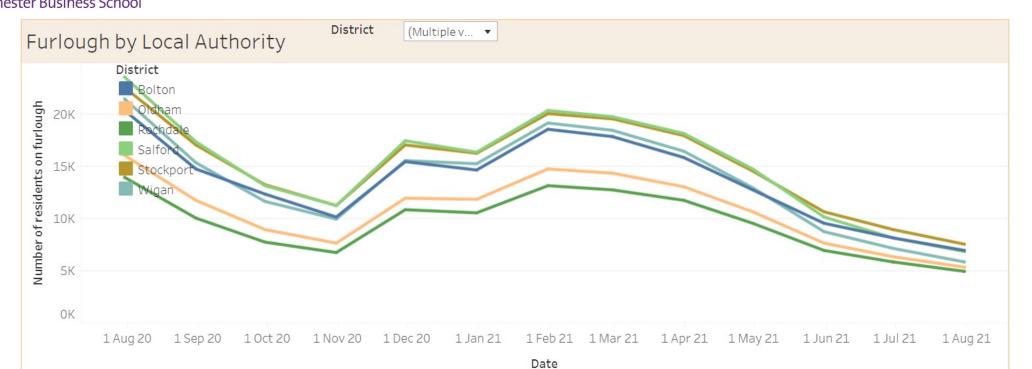
Oldham resident weekly wage of £501 in 2020. Those working in Oldham have slightly higher wages of £514 per week.

England level £590 in 2020. In Greater Manchester £554 for workers and £550 for residents.





GM selection of boroughs, numbers on furlough



Source: <u>GMCA Resilience Dashboard</u>. As at 31/7/21, 5,300 people in Oldham were on furlough. Data from HMRC.