# **Oldham Replacement Unitary Development Plan**

Policy Changes
Proposed Through
Inquiry Appearances
or
Written Responses To Representations

#### **OLDHAM DRAFT REPLACEMENT UNITARY DEVELOPMENT PLAN – PUBLIC INQUIRY 2005**

#### POLICY CHANGES PROPOSED THROUGH INQUIRY APPEARANCES OR WRITTEN RESPONSES TO REPRESENTATIONS

Please note that, to distinguish it from changes made at revised deposit or pre-inquiry changes stage, new wording added to policies at this stage is shown in italics, whilst any wording deleted is shown struck through **and** shaded grey.

#### INTRODUCTION AND WHOLE PLAN – No changes.

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

#### PLANNING STRATEGY - No changes.

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

#### **SECTION 3 DESIGN – No changes.**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

### **SECTION 4 TRANSPORT – No changes**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comments/proof ref

## SECTION 5 BUSINESS, INDUSTRY AND THE LOCAL ECONOMY

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref
B1.3	Para 5.16 of	5.14 5.16 There are many uses of land including	To meet the concerns of	OMBC/W/M1
	reasoned	some employment generating uses that can be	objectors relating to the	
	justification	located adjacent to housing areas without having a	economic complexity of	
		detrimental impact upon residential amenity.	developing mixed use sites	
		Examples of this include smaller offices, creative		
		industries and craft workshops. In appropriate		
		locations mixed-use development can help to		
		achieve PPG 3 objectives, stimulate economic		
		investment, and create local jobs that reduce the		
		need to travel. The wider range of uses referred to		
		in this policy will only be allowed in line with other		
		UDP policies, particularly those that relate to retail		
		development (policies S1.7 and S2.3). The mixed-		
		use allocation also takes account of the distinctive		
		characteristics of the sites and the regeneration		
		opportunities they offer. The economics of mixed		
		use development can be complex and can change		
		over time. The Council, therefore, recognises that		
		there may be a need to apply the residential		
		percentage figures in the policy with a degree of		
		flexibility at the time development proposals are		
		considered. The need for this flexibility, within the		
		region of the percentage figure, will be assessed in		
		the light of the economics of the development and		
		the economic regenerative benefits of the overall		
		mixed use scheme. Proposals for site M1 in		
		Greenfield will be considered against policy NR2.2		
		Flooding and Flood Protection, as part of the site		
		lies within a flood risk area. A major developed		
		site in the Green Belt has been allocated in		
		Greenfield, Saddleworth which also permits a mix		
		of uses (see policy OE1.8 in the Open Environment		

	section).	

## **SECTION 6 HOUSING – No changes**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comments/proof ref

#### SECTION 7 RETAIL AND LEISURE DEVELOPMENT

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref
S1.7	Bullet point 'c'	Insert an additional criterion under bullet	To ensure the policy	Prompted by, but not directly responding
DEVELOPMENT	of policy S1.7	point 'c'. The Council's suggested wording	is fully compliant	to, objections 0021/1/003/O, 0010/1/001/O,
S OUTSIDE THE		for the additional criterion is: "the impact on	with recently	0021/1/005/O and 1827/2/006/O.
TOWN CENTRE		the spatial planning strategy for the area	published	
AND AT THE		and strategy for a particular centre or	Government guidance	Proof ref OMBC/W/S1.7
EDGE OF OR		network or hierarchy of centres".	on town centres,	
OUTSIDE THE			PPS6.	
DISTRICT				
CENTRES				

## **SECTION 9 COMMUNITY AND EDUCATION FACILITIES – No changes**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

## **SECTION 10 OPEN SPACE, SPORT AND RECREATION - No changes**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

## **SECTION 11 OPEN ENVIRONMENT – No changes**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

## **SECTION 12 CONSERVATION OF THE HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT – No changes**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref

#### **SECTION 13 NATURAL RESOURCES**

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref
NR3 ENERGY	Part 1 policy	PART 1 POLICY	For clarification	Prompted by, but not directly
DEVELOPMENT	title and policy			responding to, objections
S	wording.	RENEWABLE ENERGY DEVELOPMENTS		0243/2/023/O and
				1938/2/005/O.
		THE COUNCIL WILL SUPPORT DEVELOPMENT		
		PROPOSALS WHICH IMPROVE ENERGY		Response reference
		EFFICIENCY AND CONSERVATION AND FOR ALL		OMBC/W/NR3.
		FORMS OF RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION		
		WHICH CONTRIBUTE TO REDUCING GREENHOUSE		
		GAS EMISSIONS, SUBJECT TO CONSIDERATION OF		
		THEIR POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL AND		
		HEALTH IMPACTS.		
NR3.3 Renewable	Policy and	Renewable Energy in Major New Developments	To respond to GO	Response reference
Energy in Major	reasoned	Kenewabie Energy in Wajor New Developments	NW objection and	OMBC/W/NR3.3
New	justification	NR3.3 For all major new developments, including	clarify the	Response to objection
Developments	Justification	residential developments comprising 10 or more units,	application of the	0021/2/094/O GO NW.
2 C. Cropmonts		and non-residential developments exceeding 1000m <sup>2</sup>	policy.	0021,2,05 ., 0 00 1111.
		gross floorspace, the Council will require 10% of total	F J ·	
		predicted energy requirements to be provided, on site,		
		from renewable energy sources. Where it is claimed		

that such a requirement would be non-viable in relation to a particular proposal, the claim should be supported by a development appraisal substantiating the claim of non-viability with regard to the type of development proposed, its location and design.

Passive solar design, that is designing a 13.94 building to take maximum advantage of sunlight, and energy efficiency measures can significantly reduce the overall energy consumption of a building. Where developers can satisfactorily demonstrate that a percentage of the development's energy requirements have been reduced through passive solar design, that percentage will be deducted from the 10% target required by this policy. However, passive solar design and Eenergy efficiency measures will not be counted towards the 10% requirement in the same way, because they are already requirements through Policies D1.1 and D1.2 in the Design Section of the Plan. Nevertheless, there is a clear benefit to applicants in maximising the energy efficiency and effective passive solar design of buildings. as this will reduce the overall energy requirement and consequently the contribution needed from renewable energy resources to meet the target requirement.

Applications for developments where it is claimed that such a requirement would be non-viable should be supported by a development appraisal which substantiates why this is the case. A successful claim of non-viability in relation to the requirement for 10% of total predicted energy requirements to be provided on site from renewable energy sources would result in the Council negotiating a lower percentage requirement, having regard to the details of the claim itself, the type of development proposed, its location and design. In the context of this policy, viability is defined in terms of:

(i) the overall economic viability of the proposed development (not that of individual renewable	
energy technologies); or	
(ii) the existence of any insurmountable technical	
problems.	

## **APPENDICES**

#### APPENDIX B

Policy	Change to	Change	Reason	Comment/proof ref
1 Frenches	Wording of the	This major redevelopment opportunity offers the potential	For clarification	OMBC/W/M1 Frenches Wharf /
Wharf/Wellingto	site details	to develop a range of uses that will provide both		Wellington Road
n Road,		employment and new residential accommodation. Key to		
Greenfield,		the development of this site is the opportunity for		
Saddleworth		developing tourism related uses centred on the River Tame		
(Amended by		and Huddersfield Narrow Canal. This is a prerequisite for		
technical change		allowing the development of any non-tourism related uses.		
from H1.1.18)		However, regard should be had to Policy NR2.2 – Flooding		
		and Flood Protection. The mix of uses permitted on the site		
		are business and industry (B1 and/or B2), tourism,		
		residential (C3), and retail uses only in accordance with		
		relevant policies in the Retail and Leisure Development		
		section. The proportion of residential should not exceed		
		40% of the net total developable area-, subject to paragraph		
		5.16 of the reasoned justification. In estimating the		
		capacity of the site for housing, the Council recognises that		
		development proposals may exceed the indicative capacity.		
		The Council will negotiate for the provision of an element		
		of affordable housing, as part of the residential element.		
		The Council will consider the need for on-site recreation		
		<u>facilities</u> as part of the comprehensive redevelopment of this		
		site.		
Appendix B	H1.2.4 Medlock	Amend the site details to read, "This site will provide a	To provide a more	OMBC/W/H1.2.4/Medlock

	Road	long term opportunity for development in an area which has generally few housing opportunities. The development of the site will support the Council's objectives aimed at providing a spread of new housing opportunities across the Borough."	positive description of the rationale for allocating the site.	Road
H1.2.10 – Knowls Lane	Wording of the site details.	This large greenfield site can only be developed in conjunction with the proposed extension to Lees new Road (see Policy T1.1). The Council will require on-site recreation provision and will negotiate for the provision of an element of affordable housing. The Council will also require any future development to make provision for a pedestrian route within the site and/or along the site frontage to Knowls Lane to improve access to the school for residents and their children.	To meet the concerns of an objector relating to the impact of any new residential development on access to St Agnes school at Knowls Lane	OMBC/W/H1.2.10/KNOWLS LANE